

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements
31 March 2017

South Staffordshire Housing Association Limited, Acton Court, Acton Gate, Stafford, ST18 9AP

Registration No. 28312R

A member of The Housing Plus Group Limited

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Registered Office	Acton Court, Acton Gate, Stafford, ST18 9AP
South Staffordshire Housing Association Limited	Registered Community Benefit Society No: 28312R Registered by the Homes and Community Agency No: LH4121
Internal Auditors	Mazars LLP, The Broadway, Dudley, West Midlands, DY1 4PY
External Independent Auditors	BDO LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors, Two Snowhill, Birmingham, B4 6GA
egal Advisors	Trowers & Hamlins LLP 55 Princess Street Manchester, M2 4EW Anthony Collins 134 Edmund Street Birmingham, B3 2ES
Funders	Nationwide Building Society, Kings Park Road, Moulton Park, Northampton, NN ₃ 6NW
	BAE Systems Pension Funds Investment Management Ltd Burwood House, 14/16 Caxton Street London, SW1H oQT
Bankers	Barclays Bank PLC, One Snowhill, Birmingham, B3 2WN
Board of Management	Mr Rolf Levesley (Chair) Resigned October 2016 Mr Paul Smith (Chair) Appointed October 2016 Mr Tony Pate Mr Peter Bell Mr Philip Ingle – Appointed October 2016 Ms Alyson Lanning – Appointed October 2016 Mr Rory O'Byrne – Appointed October 2016 Mr Malcolm Price – Appointed October 2016 Mrs Caroline Bishop – Resigned October 2016 Mrs Jasvinder Hewitt - Resigned October 2016 Mrs Monica Shafaq – Resigned October 2016 Mrs Carol Hurley – Resigned October 2016
Chief Executive	Mrs Debbie Griffiths (Resigned 31 September 2016) Mrs Sarah Boden (from 1 October 2016)
xecutive Directors inance Director and Deputy Chief xecutive	Mr Philip Ingle
Property Director Neighbourhoods Director	Mr Stephen Collins Mrs Jan Goode

Care and Support Director Commercial Director Interim People & Transformation Director Mr Les Clarke Mr Peter Donovan (from October 2016) Mr Doug Fuller

STRATEGIC REPORT

South Staffordshire Housing Association Limited (SSHA) started to trade in March 1997 (28312R) following the large scale voluntary transfer of over 5,000 properties from South Staffordshire Council. Its principal activities are the development and management of affordable housing for people in housing need together with appropriate support services in the West Midlands.

Since 1st October 2008, SSHA has been registered as an exempt charity and is also registered with the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA - LH4121), and operates four key business streams:

- housing for rent, primarily for customers who are unable to rent or buy at open market rates;
- supported housing for people who need additional housing-related support;
- care housing for older people; and
- low cost home ownership, primarily shared ownership.

SSHA owns the entire issued share capital of SSHA Developments Limited (was Acton Gate Limited) whose original primary trading function in 1998 was to lease and licence back SSHA headquarters. This was expected to be for a period up to 2018 but was cancelled in 2008. Since the financial year 2012/13 the company has generated income from installation of photovoltaic (PV) panels. The results of SSHA Developments Limited are consolidated into the ultimate controlling party the Housing Plus Group Limited (Housing Plus).

SSHA is the founding member of The Housing Plus Group (Housing Plus). Housing Plus, SSHA's ultimate controlling party, is a non-housing assets holding company which provides the central services for SSHA such as finance, human resource advice, information technology, development advice and management, property care services, legal services, health and safety advice and corporate publicity.

Housing Plus has prepared a Group Strategic Report to accompany the consolidated financial statements. SSHA has taken the exemption not to provide a full strategic report within its own financial statements in line with the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers 2014. The Statement of Compliance with regulatory policies is available in the Group Strategic Report.

Board Members and Executive Officers

SSHA is governed by a Board of Management composed of six non-executive members and one executive member. SSHA is managed by a senior management team headed by the Chief Executive and supported by the Finance Director/Deputy Chief Executive, Property Director, Neighbourhoods Director, Commercial Director, the Care and Support Director and interim People and Transformation Director. The Executive Management Team attends Board meetings.

Each member of the Board save for the Executive member holds one share of £1 in the Association. The Executive Officers of SSHA hold no interest in the Association's share capital and, although they do not have legal status of Directors they act as Executive Officers within the authority delegated to them by the Board and are termed Directors. Housing Plus has purchased Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance for the Board Members, Executive Officers and staff of Housing Plus and SSHA. Members of the Board receive remuneration. The remuneration of the Board, the Chief Executive and the other Executive Officers is determined by the Housing Plus

Board. External professional advice is sought as necessary to ensure that regard is taken of remuneration levels in similar companies and the market place.

Full details of the remuneration of each Board Member and Executive Team Member are provided in note 10 of the financial statements.

Governance

SSHA and its subsidiaries comply with the HCA's Governance and Financial Viability Standard. In April 2015 Housing Plus adopted the National Housing Federation (NHF) Excellence in Governance as its approved Code of Governance. SSHA complies with the Code.

Statement of Compliance

The Board confirms that the Housing Plus Group Strategic Report has been prepared in accordance with the principles set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers 2014.

The Board confirms that the Housing Plus Group has complied with all relevant regulatory and legal requirements. The Board confirms this for the Housing Plus Group and its subsidiaries through appropriate policies and procedures and a strong control framework (described in the Housing Plus Statement of Internal Controls). The Board also reviews the effectiveness of the control framework and the assurance received from it including receiving external reviews from the Internal Auditor.

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is responsible for preparing the Board's Report and Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Board have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS102 (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws). Under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 the Board must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and surplus or deficit of SSHA and Housing Plus Group for that period.

In preparing these Financial Statements, the Board is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- Make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice: For Registered Social Housing Providers 2014 (SORP), have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements.
- Prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Housing Plus Group and SSHA and enable it to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2012.

It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of SSHA and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the SSHA's and Group's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

In so far as each of the Board members is aware:

- There is no relevant information needed by the SSHA auditors in connection with preparing their report of which SSHAs's auditors are unaware.
- The Board members have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant information and to establish that SSHAs's auditors are aware of that information.

Provision of information to Auditors

The Board Members who held office at the date of approval of this Board report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which SSHA's auditors are unaware; the Board Members have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors

in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that SSHA auditors are aware of that information.

Independent Auditors

A resolution to appoint External Auditors will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board Dated 27 July 2017

Paul Smith Chair

Philip Ingle Director Irene Molyneux Company Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTH STAFFORDSHIRE HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of South Staffordshire Housing Association for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the association statement of comprehensive income, the association statement of financial position, the association statement of changes in equity, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the association's members, as a body, in accordance with the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and Section 87 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the association and the association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the board and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of board member responsibilities, the board members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the association's affairs as at 31 March 2017 and of the association's surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Report of the Board for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is not consistent with the financial statements;
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the association; or
- a satisfactory system of control has not been maintained over transactions; or
- the association financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

BDO UP

BDO LLP, statutory auditor Birmingham United Kingdom Date 4 August 2017

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	- A	Year Ended	V
	Note	31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
		£'000	£'000
_			
Turnover	3	30,483	30,304
Cost of Sales	3	(431)	(542)
Operating Expenditure	3	(20,995)	(21,507)
Operating Surplus		9,057	8,255
Surplus on Disposal of Housing Properties	4	464	383
Surplus on Disposal of Other Tangible Fixed Assets	4	25	
Interest Receivable	5	25	32
Interest Payable and Financing Costs	6	(6,990)	(7,071)
Surplus/(Deficit) Before			391
Taxation	7	2,581	1,599
Taxation	8		-
Surplus/(Deficit) for the	-	ja.	
Year		2,581	1,599
Actuarial Gain/(Loss) in			
respect of Pension Schemes	20	(1,186)	759
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		1,395	2,358
		,,,,,	

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

All the Group and Association (SSHA) turnover and surplus disclosed above are derived from continuing activities. The above surplus is based on historic costs.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Year end	led 31 March 20	17
	Income and Expenditure Reserve	Restricted Reserve	Total Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2016	11,881	801	12,682
Adjustment to Reserves	7	-	7
Total surplus from Statement of Comprehensive Income	2,173	408	2,581
Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on Defined Benefit Pension Scheme	(1,186)	<u>.</u>	(1,186)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	(1,186)	-	(1,186)
Capital spend in year	-	(302)	(302)
Balance at 31 March 2017	12,875	907	13,782

	Year en	ded 31 March 20:	16
	Income and Expenditure Reserve	Restricted Reserve	Total Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2015	9,775	938	10,713
Total surplus from Statement of Comprehensive Income	1,346	253	1,599
Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on Defined Benefit Pension Scheme	759	•	759
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	759	-	759
Capital spend in year	-	(390)	(390)
Balance at 31 March 2016	11,881	801	12,682

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

STATE OF STREET	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
		£'000	£'000
Long Term Assets			
Intangible Assets and Goodwill	11	-	=:
Tangible Fixed Assets	12		
Housing Properties		185,404	182,540
Other Tangible Fixed Assets		1, 942	1,942
		187,346	184,482
Current Assets			
Stocks	12 C	533	550
Trade and Other Debtors	13	3,705	1,056
Investments		7	7
Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,052	5,836
Less: Creditors: Amounts Falling due within	8		
one year	14	(4,288)	(4 , 971)
Net Current Assets/(Liabilities)		2,009	2,478
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		189,355	186,960
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more		<u> </u>	
than one year	15	(168,679)	(167,587)
Pension Provision	21	(6,894)	(6,691)
Total Net Assets	Ì	13,782	12,682
Reserves	17		
Income and Expenditure Reserve		12,875	11,881
Restricted Reserve		907	801
Total Reserves		13,782	12,682

The financial statements on pages 10 to 44 were approved by the Board and authorised for issue and are signed on its behalf by:

Paul Smith

Chair

Philip Ingle Director

Date: 27 July 2017

Irene Molynetix

Company Secretary

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	Year E 31 Marc		Year E	
Net cash generated from operating activities	23	£1000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Grants received Interest received		(9,552) 876 328 23	(8,325)	(10,713) 726 1,457 32	(8,498)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Interest paid Loan drawdown/new loans Repayments of borrowings Withdrawal/(Transfer) from/to deposits		(6,957) - - -	(6,957)	(7,035) 2,000 - 1,998	(3,037)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(3,784)		871	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		5, 836		4,965	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	25		2,052		5,836

1. Legal Status

SSHA is an exempt charity, registered as a Community Benefit Society and it is registered also with the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA - LH4121), the Regulator of Social Housing, under the Housing Association Act 1985, as a social landlord. SSHA is a public benefit entity as described by FRS102.

2. Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard* applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102), and the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers update 2014. The financial statements comply with the Housing Act 1996 and the Accounting Direction for Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention except for investment properties which are stated at their fair value.

The Directors have prepared trading and cash flow forecasts for the Group and based on this, appropriate sensitivities, current trading and available facilities have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue trading for at least one year from the date of signing these financial statements. The Group has therefore prepared its financial statements with Group and subsidiaries continuing as going concern.

b. Basis of Consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of Housing Plus Parent entity, and its wholly owned subsidiaries i.e. South Staffordshire Housing Association (SSHA), Severnside Housing, Severn Homes, Care Plus Staffordshire Limited, SSHA Developments Limited, A Walters Electrical Limited and Property Plus (Midlands) Limited at 31 March 2017.

A summary of the key accounting policies, which have been applied consistently across all entities, is set out below with intercompany transactions and balances being eliminated in full.

c. Turnover

Turnover represents rental and service charge income receivable net of voids, sales of first tranche shared ownership properties, grant amortisation and care services income for the year. Turnover (representing those items listed above) in the financial statements notes are analysed to identify General Needs, Supported Housing, Care Housing and Shared Ownership properties.

SSHA recognises the revenue as per section 23 of FRS102 'Revenue'.

Rental income is recognised from the point when properties under development reach practical completion or otherwise become available for letting. Income from Low Cost Home Ownership sales and sales of properties built for sale is recognised at the point of legal completion of the sale.

Revenue grants are receivable when the conditions for receipt of agreed grant funding have been met. Service charges, Supporting People Income and care services are recognised when the service has been performed and expenditure incurred.

d. Value Added Tax (VAT)

SSHA's main income stream, being rent, is exempt for value added tax (VAT) purposes. The majority of expenditure is subject to VAT, which the Group and subsidiaries are unable to reclaim – this expenditure is therefore shown inclusive of VAT.

VAT can be reclaimed under the partial exemption method for certain other activities. The balance of VAT payable to or recoverable at the year end is included in the financial statements as a current liability or asset

e. Interest and Financial Costs

Interest and financial costs represents the cost of financing the purchase of those properties transferred and property acquisitions as well as new development. Loans are secured on the majority of SSHA and Severnside housing assets.

Interest and financial costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which it is incurred.

f. Pensions

SSHA participates in two funded multi-employer defined benefit schemes, the Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS) and the Staffordshire County Council Local Government Pension Scheme (Staffordshire LGPS). The assets of the funds are kept separately from those of the Group being invested in independently managed superannuation funds.

The Group has accounted for the LGPS as a defined benefit scheme and SHPS as a defined contribution scheme as the assets and liabilities cannot be separately identified for the Group. A liability for the contributions payable in relation to the deficit for SHPS has been included in the Statement of Financial Position.

q. Holiday Pay Accrual

A current liability is recognised for any unused holiday pay entitlement which has accrued at the Statement of Financial Position date. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement at the Statement of Financial position date.

h. Housing Properties

Housing properties are principally properties available for rent. Completed housing properties for lettings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes costs of acquiring land and buildings, development costs incurred during the development period and other directly attributable costs. Housing properties under construction are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Completed housing for lettings and low cost shared ownership properties are also stated in notes of financial statements at the Existing Use Value for Social Housing (EUV-SH) for comparison each year. Full revaluations of the properties are undertaken every three years and interim valuations are carried out where there are indications of a significant change in value.

Completed housing properties are split between their land and structure costs. Freehold land is not depreciated. Housing properties are depreciated on a straight line basis over the useful economic life of the assets. The depreciable amount is arrived at on the basis of original cost.

SSHA's housing assets are depreciated as follows:

- Depreciation is charged from the date of acquisition or practical completion of works.
- Properties held on leases are amortised over the life of the lease or their estimated useful economic lives in the business, if shorter.
- Major components are treated as separable assets and depreciated over their expected useful economic lives or the lives of the structure to which they relate, if shorter, at the following annual rates:

•	Structure	50-120 years
•	Roof	6o years
•	Kitchens	20 years
•	Bathrooms	30 years
•	Heating System/Boilers	15 years
•	Wiring System	30 years
•	Lifts	30 years
•	UPVC External Doors	30 years
•	UPVC Windows	30 years
•	Porches	30 years
•	Solar Panels	30 years

i. Capitalisation

Works to existing properties which replace a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes are capitalised as improvements.

Major improvements and renovation of tangible fixed assets which extend the life of the asset, increase the rent or considerably reduce the future routine maintenance are capitalised and depreciated over the useful economic life of the asset.

Staff and other costs that are directly attributable to bringing housing properties to practical completion are capitalised. Development costs not capitalised are shown as other activities in the financial statement for the year.

Interest costs relating to new development are capitalised. The interest charged reflects the net interest paid over the period of the developments.

j. Accounting for Grants

SSHA receives Social Housing Grant and grants from Local Authorities. Any grants provided to reduce the capital cost of housing properties held at cost or specific components of housing properties, are recognised by SSHA using the accrual model. It means that grants are released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income, on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the housing property structure or if a Disabled Facilities Grant over the expected useful life of the bathroom.

If an asset (housing property or its component) is disposed of, for which grant was received, and there is no obligation to repay the grant, any grant remaining within liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position is released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. If the grant is available to be recycled it is credited to a Recycled Capital Grant Fund and included as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position.

Any grants received in respect of revenue expenditure are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as they become receivable.

Donations of land or other tangible assets acquired below market value from a government source are treated as a non-monetary grant. The difference between the fair value of the tangible asset donated or acquired and the consideration paid is recognised as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. Once the terms of the donation have been met it is released to the income, to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

k. Sale of Housing Property

Under shared ownership arrangements, SSHA sells a long term leasehold interest of Shared Ownership housing units to persons who occupy them at a lease premium equal to between 25% and 100% of open Market Value. Proceeds of sale of first tranches are accounted for as turnover in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The total property cost is apportioned between the shared ownership element and the element remaining in SSHA's ownership based on the percentage tranche sold or estimated to be sold. The estimated first tranche value of properties that are developed for sale and are either unsold or work in progress are included in current assets. Subsequent tranches ('Staircasing') are accounted for as disposals. The remaining unsold element remains on the Statement of Financial Position as a fixed asset and is subject to an annual impairment review.

Under Right to Buy and Right to Acquire arrangements SSHA sells properties to qualifying tenants. Due to the nature of the transfer with South Staffordshire Council it is not possible to separately identify the value of each property sold. An average value is eliminated from the property assets following each sale and charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Receipts from Right to Acquire sales are required to be retained in a ring fenced fund that can only be used for providing replacement housing. The sales receipt less eligible expenses are held in a disposal proceeds fund, which is held in creditors (either current or long term dependent on when it is anticipated to be used).

I. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance. These are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes cost of asset purchase and other directly attributable costs.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over the useful economic life of the assets as follows:

• Software Warranties & Licences

4 years (25.00% per annum)

m. Other Tangible Fixed Assets

Other tangible assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful economic life of the asset as follows:

Office Structure	6o years
Vehicles	4 years
 Furniture & Equipment 	5 years
 Photocopiers 	3 years
• IT Hardware	2 years

The threshold for capitalisation is £500 for a single asset or group of assets.

n. Impairment

SSHA carries out an annual impairment review of individual tangible fixed assets and cash generating units. The review takes into account internal and external indicators of impairment including obsolescence, physical damage, expected cashflows, replacement values, market factors and government policy. SSHA considers cash generating units to be schemes or geographical areas depending on size.

Where an indicator of impairment exists an impairment assessment is performed where the carrying amount is compared to the recoverable amount. If the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds the recoverable amount then the loss is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as expenditure and as a separate line within operating expenditure where it is considered to be material.

o. Leased Assets

SSHA has no obligations under Finance Leases. Any assets held under finance leases are included in the Statement of Financial Position and depreciated in accordance with the Group's normal accounting policies. The present value of future rentals is shown as a liability.

The interest element of rental obligations is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the period of the lease in proportion to the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

p. Debtors and Creditors

Debtors and creditors receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement in other operating expenditure.

q. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability of another entity. The Group accounts for its financial instruments using sections 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102.

SSHA's financial instruments are all currently classified as basic and include rent receivable, trade creditors, cash and loans.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction price and in subsequent years at amortised cost. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any difference between the consideration paid or received and the amounts derecognised are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

r. Cash and cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash at bank, cash in hand, deposits and short term investments with am original maturity of three months or less.

s. Taxation

SSHA is an exempt charity for corporation tax.

t. Provisions

The Group only provides for when:

- there is a present legal or constructive obligation, resulting from a past event, at the Statement of Financial Position date;
- it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Statement of Financial Position date.

SSHA sets a provision against rent arrears of current and former tenants based upon historic trends relating to write offs. All other receivables including trade receivables are provided for on a case by case basis.

u. Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

v. Reserves

Income received, and expenditure incurred, for restricted purposes is separately accounted for within restricted funds.

w. Key Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates and judgements concerning the future. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

i). Impairment of assets

The Group assesses whether there is any indicator of impairment. Where an indication of impairment exists then an estimate must be made of the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit (CGU). This can require estimation of future cash flows from the CGU or costs of constructing/replacing the CGU if it is not held solely for its cash flows but for its service potential. Estimations are also made in relation to the selection of appropriate discount rates in order to calculate the net present value of those cash flows or costs.

ii). Defined benefit pension scheme

The Group has obligations to pay pension benefits to certain employees. The cost of these benefits and the present value of the obligation depend on a number of factors including: life expectancy, asset valuations and the discount rate on corporate bonds. Management relies on the estimates made by actuaries and the pension fund in these areas.

During the year ended 31 March 2017 the assumptions relied upon from the actuary are detailed in Note 20.

iii). Classification of Financial Instruments

The Group must make judgements over the classification of Financial Instruments as either basic or other. The implication of this is that if treated as 'other', the loan would have to be shown at fair value with any movements in fair value reflected in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. All of these adjustments are non-cash and would have no impact on the Group's loan covenants.

The Group's financial instruments are all currently classified as basic and measured at amortised cost. FRS102 does not specify how fixed rate debt with two-way break clauses specified in the loan agreement should be classified. The Group has £40m of fixed rate debt with Nationwide which has two way break clauses and has judged these to be basic.

The judgement that management has made is based upon section 11.9 (b) and 11.9 (c) of FRS102.

Section 11.9(b) states 'There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder (the lender) losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current or prior periods'. Since breakage costs are paid in respect of future interest payments, 11.b (b) would not be failed.

Section 11.9 (c) provides further grounding for this judgement which suggests that compensation on early termination should not be a breach.

iv). Merger Accounting

The Group have made a judgement that the creation of the new Group on 1st October should be accounted for using merger accounting as it meets the definition of a merger per FRS102:

• No party to the combination is portrayed as either acquirer or acquiree, either by its own board or management or by that of another party to the combination

- There is no significant change to the classes of beneficiaries of the combining entities or the purpose of the benefits provided as a result of the combination
- All parties to the combination, as represented by the members of the board, participate in establishing the management structure of the combined entity and in selecting the management personnel, and such decisions are made on the basis of a consensus between the parties to the combination rather than purely by exercise of voting rights

3. Particulars of turnover, cost of sales, operating expenditure and operating surplus

TO THE WAY AND THE PARTY OF THE			Ye	Year Ended	S. Contraction of the State of		Ye	Year Ended	
	Note		31 N	31 March 2017			31 N	31 March 2016	
					Operating				Operating
			Cost of	Operating	Surplus/		Cost of	Operating	Surplus/
		Turnover	Sales	Expenditure	(Deficit)	Turnover	Sales	Expenditure	(Deficit)
		£,000	€,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	€,000	€,000	€,000
Social housing lettings Income and expenditure from social housing lettings	39	29,597	ý i	(16,605)	12,992	29,213	to	(16,600)	12,614
								Transportation in the state of	
Other social housing activities									
1st Tranche LCHO sales		425	(431)	(17)	(23)	849	(545)	(42)	99
Leaseholders		94	1	(2)	62	41	r	(77)	27
Tenant Garages		100		(1)	66	106		, m	109
Charges for support services			i	(3,495)	(3,495)	•	ı	(3,861)	(3,861)
External Activities		•	1	ı	1	1	1	•	uč
Office Impairment		ľ	ı	•	ı	1	1	(22)	(22)
Other Activities		87	É		87	72	ı	(2)	65
Intra Group	'	1	1	(874)	(874)	1	1	(904)	(906)
		9/9	(431)	(4,389)	(4,144)	867	(545)	(4,902)	(4,577)
Activities other than social									
Shops		18	1	<u>.</u>	18	20	3 1 C	•	20
Private Garages		192	•	(1)	191	204	•	(5)	199
		210	ı	(1)	209	224	a	(5)	219
Total		30,483	(431)	(20,995)	6,057	30,304	(245)	(21,507)	8,255

3a. Income and Expenditure from social housing activities

3a. Illcollle alla Expellatione Il oill social lloosillig accivities	מספווות מכנומו	COLO				
るいかった 日本の人人とは、小地田の			Year Ended			Year Ended
			31 March 2017			31 March 2016
			Low Cost			
	General	Supported	Home	Care		
	Housing	Housing	Ownership	Housing	Total	
	€,000	£'000	€,000	000,₹	£,000	£,000
Rent Receivable net of identifiable						
service charges	22,061	2,287	498	1,014	25,860	25,771
Service Charges Income	170	948	157	1,723	2,926	2,643
Amortised government grants	423	102	62	224	811	799
Turnover from Social Housing Lettings	22,654	3,265	717	2,961	29,597	29,213
***************************************	(10,1)	(504)	(8.3)	(444)	(2,807)	(1214)
Management	(4,191)	(201)	(40)	(3//)	(/60/7)	(3/1/2)
Service Charge Costs	Ē	(755)	(23)	(1,422)	(2,200)	(1,996)
Routine Maintenance	(1,506)	(242)	(21)	(71)	(1,843)	(2,028)
Planned Maintenance	(3,911)	(445)	(54)	(250)	(4,627)	(4,320)
Major Repairs Expenditure	**	•	•	ī	1	ji
Bad Debts	(61)	(3)	•	(9)	(20)	(104)
Depreciation of Housing Properties	(3,455)	(431)	(207)	(813)	(906'4)	(4,976)
Impairment of Housing Properties	Ü		(62)	1	(62)	
Operating Expenditure on Social						
Housing Lettings	(11,124)	(2,157)	(385)	(2,939)	(16,605)	(16,600)
Operating Surplus on Social Housing						
Lettings	11,530	1,108	332	22	12,992	12,614
	(90)	(64)	u	8	(165)	(,6c)
VOIG EOSSES	(30)	(40)	0	(6)	(507)	(4,2)

3b. Classes of Accommodation in management and development

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	Units	Units
General Housing	1	
- Social Rent	4,727	4,740
- Affordable Rent	47	23
Supported Housing and Housing for Older		
People	558	558
Low Cost Home Ownership	223	225
Care Housing		
- Social Rent	198	198
- Affordable Rent	50	50
Leasehold	241	238
Total	6,044	6,032
Accommodation managed on behalf of others		9
Total Managed	6,044	6,032
Accommodation in development at the year end	58	65

4. Surplus/Deficit on Disposal of Tangible Fixed Assets

Housing Properties	LCHO		ar Ended arch 2017 Other Properties	Total	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Disposal Proceeds Cost of Sales Selling Costs	109 (101) (1)	6 ₇₇ (260) (9)	65 (15) (1)	851 (376) (11)	734 (340) (11)
Net surplus on disposal of housing properties	7	408	49	464	383

Other Tangible Fixed Assets	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Disposal Proceeds Cost of Sales Net surplus on disposal of other tangible	25	-
fixed assets	25	

5. Interest receivable and other income

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Interest received from temporary investments Interest received from an Intra Group Loan:	21	32
- Housing Plus	4	-
Interest receivable and other income	25	32

6. Interest payable and financing costs

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Loan Interest	(6,720)	(6,891)
Loan Commission and valuation fees	(88)	(89)
Renegotiation fees	(74)	10
Capitalised Interest	102	103
Net interest expense (pensions)	(210)	(204)
Interest and financing costs	(6,990)	(7,071)

7. Surplus on Ordinary Activities before Taxation

	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
		£'000	£'000
Depreciation: Housing Assets Other Fixed Assets Grant Amortisation		4,906 166 (811)	4,976 196 (799)
Surplus on Disposal	4	(489)	(383)
Operating lease rentals: Office Equipment	19	39	22
External Auditors' Remuneration (incl. expenses, excl. VAT):			
Fees for the audit of the financial			
statements		13	32
Fees for other services		3	2

8. Tax on surplus on ordinary activities

There is no corporate tax charge for the year 2016/17 (2015/16 nil).

9. Employees

The average number of persons employed during the financial year was:

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	Number	Number
Administration (paid monthly) Housing Support and Care	50	55
(wardens, caretakers, cleaners)	1	2
Total	51	57

The average number of persons employed during the financial year expressed as full-time equivalents (35hours) was:

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	Number	Number
Administration (paid monthly)	46	50
Housing Support and Care		
(wardens, caretakers, cleaners)	155	1
Total	46	51

Employees' costs:

	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
		£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries		1,209	1,258
Social Security costs		104	103
Other pension costs	20	86	89
Total		1,399	1,450

10. Directors' Emoluments

The Directors of the Group are its Board Members. Board Members are not members of any Housing Plus pension scheme. Below there are the emoluments paid to the Board Members:

Summary of Board Members Payments	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
N .	£'000	£'000
Pay	19.3	42.6
Total	19.3	42.6

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Directors' Emoluments (continued)

The Executive Directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the Group (2015/2016 £nil) and none (2015/16 none) of the Executive Directors were a member of SSHA pension schemes. The Executive Directors are all employed and remunerated through the ultimate controlling party, Housing Plus Group Limited.

Details of Board Members Pay	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
10	£'000	£'000
Mr Rolf Levesley (Chair)	6.2	10.5
Mrs Carol Hurley	2.4	4.6
Mr Caroline Bishop	0.7	4.0
Mr Mohan Sandhar (Vice Chair to 30 th Sept		
2015)	-	3-4
Mr Tony Pate (Vice Chair from 1 st Oct 2015)	3.9	5.4
Mrs Monica Shafaq (from 26 th Sept 2014)	0.1	4.0
Mrs Jasvinder Hewitt (from 26 th Sept 2014)	2.1	4.0
Mr Peter Bell	3.9	6.7
Total	19.3	42.6

Following the merger the Board members of SSHA became part of a co-terminus Homes Board with Severnside Housing. The Board members of the two landlords were paid from the Housing Plus Group from 1st November 2016.

Staff who received remuneration (including benefits in kind) in excess of £60k are summarised in the following bands:

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	31 1	Ended March 016
	£'000	£¹	000
Many than a Caraca hart wat many than and			
More than £60,000 but not more than £70,000	-		-
More than £70,000 but not more than £80,000	-		1
More than £80,000 but not more than £90,000	-		-
More than £90,000 but not more than £100,000	1		-

11. Intangible Assets

All Intangible Fixed Assets were reclassified as Tangible Fixed Assets in 2013/14 to reflect current accounting policy where the software is treated as tangible when it is directly attributable to bringing a computer system or other computer-operated machinery into working condition for its intended use within the business. There has been no change to this policy under FRS102.

There were no Intangible Fixed Assets recognised by SSHA for the year ended 31 March 2017.

12. Housing Properties at Cost

			As at 31 March 2017			As at
	Houses f	for Letting	Low Cost Ho	Low Cost Home Ownership		
	Complete	Under	Complete	Under		
	for Letting	Construction	for Letting	Construction	Total	Total
	£'000	€,000	£,000	£,000	€,000	£'000
COST						
AtıApril	198,991	3,617	15,566	91	218,265	208,632
Additions*	4,190	3,544	5	878	8,617	11,158
Disposals	(267)	•	(101)	t	(898)	(1,079)
Transfers (note 12a)	3,461	(3,518)	(68)	(352)	(501)	(944)
At 31 March	205,875	3,643	15,381	614	225,513	218,265
LESS ACCUMULATED						
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 April	(34,337)	1	(1,387)		(35,724)	(31,423)
Depreciation charge for year	(4,505)	1	(223)	•	(4,728)	(4,681)
Eliminated in respect of Disposals	387	*	18	1	405	380
Impairment (losses)/reversals	•	•	(62)		(62)	•
At 31 March	(38,455)		(1,654)		(40,109)	(35,724)
Net book value						
At 31 March	167,420	3,643	13,727	614	185,404	182,540
AtaApril	164,654	3,617	14,179	91	182,540	177,209

*The value of additions related to replacement of components for Housing Properties Assets is £4,191,360 (2015/16 was £4,252,416).

Note: Included within 'Eliminated in respect of disposals' is accelerated depreciation of £178k

12a Housing Properties at Cost

	As at 31 March 2017 Houses for Letting Low Cost Home Ownership				As at 31 March 2016	
P. Stoller Sp. PT 1	Complete	Under	Complete	Under	13/4-12	
ELFOLDS Widerian	for Letting	Construction	for Letting	Construction	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Complete Properties	3,429	(3,429)	8	(8)	=	a
Stair-casing sale	32	-	(32)	120	-	22
Write-off to Income &						
Expenditure (Aborted						
Schemes)	H	(89)	≅	± 7 8	(89)	(19)
Transfer to Current						
Assets	-	-	(65)	(347)	(412)	(427)
Transfers	3,461	(3,518)	(89)	(355)	(501)	(446)

SSHA and Severnside hold all housing assets within the Group. The ultimate controlling party – Housing Plus is a non-housing assets holding company.

There is an annual valuation of SSHA properties using the Existing Use Value as Social Housing method (EUV.SH), which assumes a sale approved by the HCA to another Registered Social Landlord who will manage the property in accordance with the HCA and SSHA tenancy guarantees.

The cash generating unit for the impairment review was taken at a scheme level as it was determined that this grouped assets with similar values and rents. The primary technique used to calculate the recoverable amount was EUV-SH. This methodology highlighted that new additions to stock since transfer had a higher carrying value than the EUV-SH valuation. However, these units were developed for social benefit and as such in line with SORP guidance the Group used Value in Use – Service Potential (VIU-SP) as a the basis for the recoverable amount. The calculation of VIU-SP was a depreciated replacement cost.

The review in 2016/17 identified 3 Low Cost Home Ownership properties in SSHA where the carrying value exceeded the calculated Value in Use – Service Potential. The total excess of carrying value over VIU – SP of £61,797 has been recognised under operating expenditure in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. There are no accumulated brought forward impairments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12a Housing Properties at Cost (continued)

Charges against properties

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Number of Properties on which there is a fixed charge Number of Properties not charged Total Number of Properties	5,444 359 5,803	5,457 337 5,794

Social Housing Grant and Other Grants

The Association has received government grants in order to acquire and develop its housing properties. Grants are amortised through the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the useful economic life of the structure of the property. Any unamortised grant is held as deferred income. A breakdown of this grant is shown below:

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Deferred capital grant at 1 April	43,943	42,830
Grants received during the year	340	1,456
Grants recycled from/(to) the recycled capital		
grant fund	(44)	(19)
Transfers from reserves	302	475
Released to income during the year	(811)	(799)
Deferred capital grant at 31 March	43,730	43,943

Housing properties book value, net of depreciation

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Freehold land and buildings Long leasehold land and buildings	184,838 566	181,974 566
Total	185,404	182,540

12b Other Tangible Fixed Assets

	Fixtures, F	As at 31 March res, Fittings, Tools & Equipment	As at 31 March 2017 Is & Equipment			As at 31 March 2016
	Furniture & Equipment	Computer Equipment & Telephones	Software	Land & Buildings	Total	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	€000	6000
COST At 1 April Additions	1,605	1,636	25	2,266	5,532	5,426
Disposals At 31 March	1,761	1,636	25	2,276	- 2,698	5,532
Accumulated Depreciation & Impairment Depreciation at 1 April Depreciation charge for year	(1,264) (128)	(1,633)	(25)	(999)	(3,590)	(3,317)
Impairment At 31 March	(1,392)	(1,636)	(25)	(203)	(3,756)	(3,590)
Net book value At 31 March At 1 April	369	. 8	1 1	1,573	1,942	1,942

There is no charge on any of these assets. All land held for other property, plant and equipment is owned freehold.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 12c. Stocks

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
LCHO Completed Properties	127	492
LCHO Properties Under Construction	406	58
Impairment	-	-
Total Low Cost Home Ownership	533	550
Open Market Properties Under		
Construction	-	-
Total Inventories	533	550

Inventories are held at the lower of actual cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. There have been no impairments in the year (2015/16 none).

13. Trade and Other Debtors

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Due within one year		
Rent Receivable	709	905
Service Charges Receivable	-	-
Leaseholders	7	5
Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts	(71)	(118)
	645	792
Amounts due from Other Group Associations		
Housing Plus	765	13
Severnside	11	-
Social Housing Grant Receivable	. ≅ /!	100
Other Debtors	117	42
Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts	(4)	(1)
	889	154
Prepayments & Accrued Income	171	110
Total due within one year	1,705	1,056
Amounts due from Other Group Associations	2,000	·
Total due after more than one year	2,000	15
Total Debtors	3,705	1,056

14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

14. Creditors. Amounts raining due w	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Rents and service charges received		
in advance	(372)	(269)
Loan Interest (Note 15)	(707)	(790)
Trade creditors	(81)	(79)
Fixed Asset accruals	(167)	(414)
Employees	(37)	(31)
SHPS Pension Deficit*	(144)	-
HMRC – VAT	(6)	-
Accruals and Deferred Income	(621)	(781)
Deferred Income - Grant	(1,688)	(1,829)
Intra Group Creditors:		
- Housing Plus	(465)	(777)
- Care Plus	(a)	(2)
Total Creditors: Amounts falling		
due within one year	(4,288)	(4,971)

The average number of days for the Association between the invoice date and payment is 16 days (2015/16 23 days).

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Nationwide Syndications	90,000	90,000
BAE Loan	35,000	35,000
Recycled capital grant and disposal		
proceeds fund	153	109
Deferred Income - Grants	42,042	42,114
SHPS Pension Deficit*	956	<u> </u>
Other Designated Funds	528	365
Total Creditors: Amounts falling		
due after one year	168,679	167,587

^{*} Note — this was included as a provision in the 2015/16 financial statements.

^{*} Note – this was included as a provision in the 2015/16 financial statements.

15. Payables: Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

SHPS Pension Deficit Contribution

	£'000
At 1 April 2016	1,184
Charged to Income and Expense:	
- Additions	120
- Re-measurement	32
Unwinding of discount	23
Contribution paid	(139)
At 31 March 2017	1,100

Movements in recycled Capital Grant Fund

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Recycled Capital Grant Fund		
Balance as at 1 April	109	90
Recycled Grant Input	75	44
Withdrawals	(31)	(25)
Balance as at 31 March	153	109

Movements in Disposal Proceeds Funds

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Disposal Proceeds Fund		
Balance as at 1 April	=	≥
Inputs arising from disposals	*	
Withdrawals	įπ	.=:
Balance as at 31 March	=	-

15. Payables: Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Loan Repayments

	Bank Loans 2017	Other Loans 2017	Finance Leases 2017	Total 2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
In one year or less In more than one year but not more	-	-	素	5.
than two years In more than two years but not more	1,300	-	4	1,300
than five years	3,900	-	2	3,900
	5,200	(#		5,200

	Bank Loans 2016	Other Loans 2016	Finance Leases 2016	Total 2016
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
In one year or less In more than one year but not more	-	-	-	-
than two years	-	-	•	=
In more than two years but not more than five years	3,900	4	-	3,900
	3,900		#	3,900

Security, terms of repayment and interest rates

The Nationwide Syndications loan is secured by the properties that SSHA owns. The loan repayments are scheduled to commence from October 2018 until October 2037. £86.1m of the Nationwide syndications are repayable after 5 years. During the loan period decisions are made to fix the rate of interest for periods within the overall loan period. The fixed rates of interest for 2016/17 range between 4.65% and 7.12%. As at 31st March 2017 the Association had £16million of loans on RPI or a variable rate (2015/16 £14million).

The BAE loan is secured against properties that SSHA owns. The loan is repaid between August 2038 and August 2042 in equal instalments of £7m. It has a fixed interest rate of 5.0%.

The weighted average interest rate for the year was 5.39%.

At 31 March 2017 the Group had undrawn loan facilities of £15million (2015/16 £15million).

16. Financial Instruments

	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	100	£'000	£'000
Financial assets that are debt			
instruments measured at			
amortised cost			
Rent & Service Charge			
Receivable	13	716	910
Intra Group	13	2,776	13
Other Debtors	13	117	142
Investments in short term			
deposits		7	7
Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,052	5,836
		5,668	6,908
Financial liabilities measured at			
amortised cost			
Loans	15	(125,000)	(125,000)
Trade creditors	14	(81)	(79)
Accruals	14	(1,682)	(2,016)
Intra Group	14	(465)	(779)
	,	(127,228)	(127,874)

SSHA's financial instruments are all currently classified as basic and measured at amortised cost.

17. Called Up Non-Equity Share Capital

Each member of the Board of Management holds one non-equity share of £1 each. These shares carry the right to vote at General Meetings on the basis of one share one vote. The shares are not transferable, non redeemable and carry no right to receive income or capital payments.

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Number of Shareholders as at 1 April	38	38
Shares issued during the financial year	-	-
Returned shares during the financial year	(32)	-
Number of Shareholders as at 31 March	6	38

Historically there were other groups of shareholders such as tenants and local people who held non-equity share of £1 each. These shares were returned as part of the merger with Severnside Housing in October 2016.

18. Capital Commitments

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Expenditure contracted but not provided		
in the financial statements	3,046	5,980
Expenditure authorised by the Board but		
not contracted	22,980	19,102
Total Capital commitments	26,026	25,082

The expenditure contracted but not provided in the financial statements will be funded by a drawdown from the unused loan facilities the total of which is £15million (2015/16 £15 million).

The following amounts describe the way SSHA funds the development:

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Group & Association	£'000	£'000
Net Expenditure	16,749	21,330
SHG	-	435
Other Grant Funding	-	193
Forecast sales	9,277	3,124
Total Gross Expenditure	26,026	25,082

19. Leases

Operating Leases

The Association held coin operated washing machines and lone working safety devices on cancellable operating leases. At 31 March 2017 the total of future minimum lease payments under non cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Leases for equipment: Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five	-	<u>u</u>
years	7	66
Later than five years	6	-
Total	13	66

The expenditure charged in the Statement of Comprehensive Income during the year in relation to minimum lease payments was £39,323.

Finance Leases

The Association as a lessee does not have any leases that have been classified as finance leases.

20. Pension

a) Social Housing Pension Scheme

SSHA participates in the scheme, a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 500 non-associated employers. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK. It is not possible for the company to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme. Therefore it accounts for the scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

A full actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2014. This actuarial valuation was certified on 23 November 2015 and showed assets of £3,123m, liabilities of £4,446m and a deficit of £1,323m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the trustees and the participating employers have agreed that additional contributions will be paid, in combination from all employers.

SSHA has agreed to a deficit funding arrangement and recognises a liability for this obligation. The amount recognised is the net present value of the deficit reduction contributions payable under the agreement that relates to the deficit. The present value is calculated using the discount rate detailed in these disclosures. The unwinding of the discount rate is recognised as a finance cost. During the year until 31 March 2017 the present value of the provision has decreased by £84,000; this decrease has a positive impact on the surplus for the year in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

	31 Mar 2017 £'000	31 Mar 2016 £'000	31 Mar 2015 £'000
	£ 000	E 000	£ 000
Present Value of Provision	1,100	1,184	892

	31 Mar	31 Mar	31 Mar
	2017	2016	2015
Rate of Discount	1.33%	2.06%	1.92%

The discount rates shown above are the equivalent single discount rates which, when used to discount the future recovery plan contributions due, would give the same results as using a full AA corporate bond yield curve to discount the same recovery plan contributions.

20. Pension (continued)

During the accounting year ended 31 March 2017 SSHA paid no contributions for Defined Benefit Scheme and between 1% and 10% for Defined Contribution Scheme (2015/16 between 1% and 10%). Members' contributions varied between 1% and 7%.

As at the Statement of Financial Position date there were 28 (26 as at 31st March 2016) active members of the Scheme employed by SSHA, all in Defined Contribution Scheme (2014/15 all in Defined Contribution Scheme).

b) Staffordshire County Council Scheme

SSHA participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme which is a multi employer defined benefit Scheme, is funded and is contracted out of the state scheme.

The funding rate for the employer for the year ended 31 March 2017 was 19.6% (2015/16 19.6%). The number of SSHA employees in the scheme as at 31 March 2017 was 15 (31 March 2016 was 16).

The disclosures necessary in respect of FRS102 are shown in various tables below. The actuary has estimated that the net pension asset/liability as at 31 March 2017 is a liability of £6,894,000 (2015/16 £5,506,000).

Assumptions as at	31 Mar 2017	31 Mar 2016	31 Mar 2015	31 Mar 2014	31 Mar 2013
	%p.a.	%p.a.	%p.a.	%p.a.	%p.a.
Salary increases	2.8%	4.1%	4.0%	4.4%	5.1%
Pension increases	2.4%	2.1%	2.1%	2.6%	2.8%
Discount Rate	2.5%	3.4%	3.1%	4.1%	4.5%

The assumptions at the accounting date are consistent with the duration of the employer's past service liabilities. As at 31 March 2017 the weighted average duration of the past service liabilities was 15.7 years. Please note this reflects funded obligations only and does not include the unfunded pensioner liabilities.

The life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves and based on these assumptions, the average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

	Males	Females
Current Pensioners	22.1 years	24.4 years
Future Pensioners*	24.1 years	26.4 years

^{*} Figures assume members aged 45 as at the last formal valuation date.

20. Pension (continued)

Categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets	Assets at 31 Mar 2017	Assets at 31 Mar 2016	Assets at 31 Mar 2015	Assets at 31 Mar 2014	Assets at 31 Mar 2013
	%	%	%	%	%
Equities	74	75	76	75	79
Bonds	13	11	11	13	12
Property	8	9	8	8	8
Cash	5	5	5	4	1

Net Pension Liability as at	31 Mar 2017	31 Mar 2016	31 Mar 2015	31 Mar 2014	31 Mar 2013
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fair value of Employer Assets	8,315	7,397	7,687	6,996	6,978
Present Value of Funded Obligations	(15,141)	(12,842)	(13,677)	(12,636)	(12,140)
Net (Under) in Funded Plans	(6,826)	(5,445)	(5,990)	(5,640)	(5,162)
Present Value of Unfunded Liabilities	(68)	(61)	(67)	(63)	(59)
Net Pension (Liability)	(6,894)	(5,506)	(6,057)	(5,703)	(5,221)

The estimate of the liability comprises of approximately £989,000 (2015/16 £1,103,000), £5,294,000 (2015/16 £4,363,000) and £8,858,000 (2015/16 £7,376,000) in respect of employee members, deferred pensioners and pensioners respectively as at 31 March 2017. The approximation involved in the roll forward model means that the split of scheme liabilities between the three classes of member may not be reliable for certain types of employer. However, the Actuary is satisfied that the approach used leads to reasonable estimates for the aggregate liability figure.

	Year to 31 Mar 2017	Year to 31 Mar 2016
Amount Charged to Operating Surplus	£'000	£'000
Current Service Cost*	(100)	(107)
Total Operating Charge	(100)	(107)
Amount Charged to Financing Costs		
Interest income on plan assets	245	233
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	(432)	(421)
Losses on curtailments and settlements	(-)	(-)
Total net interest	(187)	(188)
Total defined benefit cost recognised in Surplus/(Deficit for the year	(287)	(295)

20. Pension (continued)

* The Service Cost figures include an allowance for administration expenses of 0.5% (2015/16 0.5%) of payroll.

Re-measurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	Year to 31 Mar 2017	Year to 31 Mar 2016
	£′000	£'000
Change in Financial Assumptions	(2,483)	653
Change in Demographic Assumptions	149	
Other Experience	78	262
Return on Assets (excluding amounts included in net interest)	1,070	(156)
Total re-measurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(1,186)	759

Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligation	Year to 31 Mar 2017	Year to 31 Mar 2016
	£'000	£'000
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	12,903	13,744
Current Service Cost	100	107
Interest Cost	432	421
Contributions from Members	27	27
Actuarial Losses/(Gains)	2,256	(915)
Past Service Costs / (Gains)	1	
Result on Curtailments	-	-
Liabilities extinguished on Settlement		-
Estimated Unfunded Benefits Paid	(3)	(3)
Estimated Benefits Paid	(506)	(478)
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	15,209	12,903

20. Pension (continued)

Reconciliation of Fair Value of Employer Assets	Year to 31 Mar 2017	Year to 31 Mar 2016
	£'000	£'000
Opening Fair Value of Employer Assets	7,397	7,687
Expected return on Assets	1,070	(156)
Interest Income on Plan Assets	245	233
Contributions from Members	27	27
Contributions from Employer	82	84
Contributions in respect of Unfunded Benefits	3	3
Assets distributed on Settlement	-	_
Unfunded Benefits Paid	(3)	(3)
Benefits Paid	(506)	(478)
Closing Fair Value of Employer Assets	8,315	7,397

History of Gains and Losses	Year to 31/03/17	Year to 31/03/16	Year to 31/03/15	Year to 31/03/14	Year to 31/03/13
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£′000
Fair Value of Employer Assets	8,315	7,397	7,687	6,996	6,978
Present Value of Defined benefit Obligations	(15,209)	(12,903)	(13,744)	(12,699)	(12,199)
Deficit	(6,894)	(5,506)	(6,057)	(5,703)	(5,221)

21. Pension Liability

The Group and Association had the following liabilities during the year:

	Long term employee benefits - LGPS
	£'000
At 1 April 2016	5,506
Additions/(Reductions) dealt within surplus/deficit	15
Additions/(Reductions) dealt within other comprehensive income	1,186
Interest costs	187
Unused amounts reversed to statement of comprehensive income	
At 31 March 2017	6,894

Pension Liability - LGPS

The LGPS pension scheme is a multi employer defined benefit scheme. Each year the actuary values the assets and liabilities of the scheme using a set of assumptions. Changes in assumptions and performance of the assets/liabilities in the year means that the present value of the defined benefit obligation is subject to uncertainty. The weighted average duration of the expected future discounted cash flows is 15.7 years.

22. Restricted Reserves

Restricted reserves constitute surpluses accruing from sales of LSVT units under the Right to Buy. The receipts are to be used solely for the provision of new housing or disabled facility grants, subject to approval by the relevant local authority.

23. Reconciliation of surplus to net cash flow from operating activities

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Surplus for the year	2,581	1,599
Adjustments for non cash items:		
Depreciation and Impairment	5,135	5,254
Decrease/(increase) in stock	448	68
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	(2,604)	497
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	134	(376)
Pension costs less contributions payable	47	(480)
Non cash amount of tangible fixed asset disposals	477	340
	3,637	5,303
Adjustments for investing or financing activities		
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and		
equipment	(875)	(735)
Government grants realised in the year	(810)	(800)
Interest payable	6,990	7,071
Interest receivable	(25)	(32)
	5,280	5,504
Net cash flow generated from operating activities	11,498	12,406

24. Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000
Increase in cash and cash equivalents in the financial year Cash inflow from increase in debt Cash inflow/outflow from increase/(decrease) in	(3 , 784) -	871 (2,000)
short term investments	-	(1,998)
Total changes in net debt for the year	(3,784)	(3,127)
Net debt at 1 April Net debt at 31 March	(119,157) (122,941)	(116,030) (119,157)

25. Analysis of changes in net debt during year

THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	Year Ended 31 March 2017	Cash Flow	Year Ended 31 March 2016
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand Short Term Deposits	2,052	(3,784)	5 , 836
·	2,059	(3,784)	5,843
Housing Loans due after one year	(125,000)	-	(125,000)
Total changes in net debt	(122,941)	(3,784)	(119,157)

26. Related Party Transactions

There are no Board members that are also Tenants (2015/16 nil).

The Board has no (2015/16 nil) members who is also a councillor for South Staffordshire District Council. The total compensation for the Board of SSHA in 2016/17 was £19,255 (2015/16 £45,796)

During the financial year 2016/17 SSHA purchased services in the ordinary course of business from Housing Plus, an ultimate Parent, at a total cost of £13,945,504 (2015/16 £12,044,588) and provided services to Housing Plus at a cost of £23,482 (2015/16 nil). SSHA received £4,454 interest from Housing Plus in 2016/17 (2015/16 £nil) following a £2,000,000 loan from SSHA to Housing Plus during the year. SSHA was owed £765,299 at the year end (2015/16 £12,868) and owed £464,530 (2015/16 £776,915) to Housing Plus.

SSHA also purchased services in the ordinary course of business from Care Plus (Staffordshire) Ltd, at a cost of £1,643,652 (2015/16 £1,622,268), and provided services to Care Plus (Staffordshire) Ltd at a cost of £33 (2015/16 £nil).

SSHA also provided services in the ordinary course of business to Severnside Housing at a cost of £11,292 (2015/16 £nil), and purchased no services from Severnside Housing (2015/16 £nil). SSHA was owed £11,292 from Severnside at the year end (2015/16 nil).

There were no transactions between SSHA Developments Limited, Severn Homes, Property Plus (Midlands) Limited, AWE and SSHA (2015/16 nil).

All related party transactions within the group are provided on an arms length basis.

Amounts owned by and to the Association are disclosed in notes 13, 14 and 15. These amounts are related to intragroup balances both in payables and receivables.

27. Group Companies

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is the Housing Plus Group Limited, a registered social landlord (Registered Community Benefit Society No. 30224R). The consolidated financial statements of the Housing Plus Group Limited are available from the

Company Secretary, Housing Plus Group Limited, Acton Court, Acton Gate, Stafford, ST18 9AP. The Group exercises control over SSHA and other subsidiaries through regular Board meetings. The Group Board members include the Chair of each of the subsidiary Boards.