

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2018

Severnside Housing Brassey Road, Old Potts Way, Shrewsbury, SY₃ 7FA

Registration No. 04025816

A member of The Housing Plus Group

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BOARD MEMBERS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AUDITORS, ADVISORS AND BANKERS

Registered Office	Severnside Housing, Brassey Road, Old Potts Way, Shrewsbury, Shropshire SY3 7FA
Severnside Housing	Registered by the Regulator of Social Housing No: LH4325
Internal Auditors	Mazars LLP, The Broadway, Dudley, West Midlands, DY1 4PY
External Independent Auditors	BDO LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors, Two Snowhill, Birmingham, B4 6GA
Legal Advisors	Anthony Collins, 134 Edmund Street, Birmingham, B3 2ES
	Trowers & Hamlins LLP 55 Princess Street Manchester, M2 4EW
Funders	Nationwide Building Society, Kings Park Road, Moulton Park, Northampton, NN ₃ 6NW
	Canada Life Investments, 1-6 Lombard Street, London, EC ₃ V 9JU
	Shropshire Council, The Shirehall, Abbey Foregate Shrewsbury, SY2 6ND
Bankers	National Westminster Bank PLC, 8 Mardol Head, Shrewsbury, SY11HE

BOARD MEMBERS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AUDITORS, ADVISORS AND BANKERS (continued)

Board of Management Mr Peter Phillips (Chair) – Appointed January 2018

Mr Paul Smith (Chair) - Resigned December 2017

Mr Malcolm Price

Mr Rory O'Byrne (Vice Chair)

Mrs Alyson Lanning – Resigned December 2017

Mr Peter Bell - Resigned October 2017

Mr Tony Pate Mr Philip Ingle

Mrs Catherine Dass – Appointed November 2017 Mr Steven Jennings – Appointed December 2017

Chief Executive Mrs Sarah Boden

Executive Directors

Finance Director and Deputy Chief

Executive

Property Director

Neighbourhoods Director Care and Support Director Commercial Director

People & Transformation

Director

Mr Philip Ingle

Mr Stephen Collins Mrs Jan Goode Mr Les Clarke Mr Peter Donovan

Mr Doug Fuller (interim) – Resigned May 2017 Mrs Louise Wagstaff – Appointed October 2017

Company Secretary Mrs Irene Molyneux

REPORT OF THE BOARD

Severnside Housing ('Severnside' 'the company') is a company limited by guarantee which was established to receive a transfer of social housing properties from Shrewsbury and Atcham Borough Council in October 2001. Its principal activities are the management and development of affordable housing.

Severnside merged with Housing Plus on the 1st October 2016. Housing Plus, (the Group) Severnside's ultimate controlling party, is a non-housing asset holding company which provides the central services for Severnside and the other subsidiaries in the Group such as finance, human resources, information technology, development, legal and governance, health and safety and corporate publicity.

Severnside owns the entire issued share capital of Severn Homes Limited which develops properties for outright sale, and Severnside Community Association, which undertakes charitable activities within social housing.

Housing Plus has prepared a Group Strategic Report to accompany the consolidated financial statements. In line with the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers 2014, Severnside has taken a decision to use the exemption not to provide a full strategic report within its own financial statements. The Statement of Compliance with regulatory policies is available in the Group Strategic Report.

Board Members and Executive Officers

Severnside is governed by a Board of Management composed of six non-executive members and one executive member. Severnside is managed by a senior management team headed by the Chief Executive and supported by a Finance Director and Deputy Chief Executive, Property Director, Neighbourhoods Director, Commercial Director, the Care and Support Director and the People and Transformation Director. The Executive Management Team attends Board meetings.

The Group has purchased Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance for the Board Members, Executive Officers and staff of the Group and Severnside Housing. Members of the Board receive remuneration. The remuneration of the Board, the Chief Executive and the other Executive Officers is determined by the Housing Plus Board. External professional advice is sought as necessary to ensure that regard is taken of remuneration levels in similar companies and the market place.

Governance

Severnside Housing complies with the Homes and Communities Agency's (HCA) Governance and Financial Viability Standard. In April 2015 The Housing Plus Group adopted the National Housing Federation (NHF) Excellence in Governance Code as its approved Code of Governance. Severnside Housing complies with this Code.

REPORT OF THE BOARD (continued)

Statement of compliance

The Board confirms that Severnside Housing has complied with all relevant regulatory and legal requirements. The Board evidences this for the Group and its subsidiaries through appropriate policies and procedures and a strong control framework (described in the Group Statement of Internal Controls). The Board also reviews the effectiveness of the control framework and the assurance received from it including receiving external reviews from the Internal Auditor.

Statement of the Board's Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for preparing the Report of the Board and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law and social housing legislation require the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting by registered social housing providers 2014 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the association will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Board is prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting by registered social housing providers 2014.

REPORT OF THE BOARD (continued)

Financial statements are published on the group's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the group's website is the responsibility of the Board. The Board's responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

Provision of information to auditors

The Association Board Members who held office at the date of approval of this Board report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Association's auditors are unaware; the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that Association auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

A resolution to appoint External Auditors will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board 24 July 2018

Peter Phillips

Chair

Philip Ingle Director

Irene Molyneux Company Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SEVERNSIDE HOUSING LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Severnside Housing ("the Association") for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Association statement of comprehensive income, the Association statement of financial position, the Association statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of the Association's surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the board members use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the board members have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Association's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SEVERNSIDE HOUSING LIMITED (continued)

Other information

The board are responsible for the other information. Other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information including the Report of the Board and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Board for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Board has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Association and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the association, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the association financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of board member and or directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SEVERNSIDE HOUSING LIMITED (continued)

Responsibilities of the board

As explained more fully in the board members responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the board members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the board are responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the board either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of the Association, as a body, in accordance with in accordance with the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BDO LLP
Statutory Auditor
Two Snowhill
Birmingham
B4 6GA
Date 7 Ansul 2018

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2018 £'000	Year Ended 31 March 2017 £'000
Turnover	3	30,094	29,997
Cost of sales	3	(1,408)	(1,712)
Operating expenditure	3	(17,432)	(17,534)
Operating surplus		11,254	10,751
Surplus on disposal of housing properties	4	1,260	929
Interest receivable and similar income	5	32	39
Interest payable and financing costs	6	(7,364)	(7,019)
Movement in fair value of investment properties	120	(121)	(832)
Surplus before taxation	7	5,061	3,868
Taxation	8	(25)	-
Surplus for the financial year		5,036	3,868
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension schemes	19	1,751	(2,202)
Total comprehensive income for the year		6,787	1,666

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

All the turnover and surplus disclosed above are derived from continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES

	Year end	ed 31 March 2018	
	Income and Expenditure Reserve	Restricted Reserve	Total Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2017	4,222	1,775	5,997
Total surplus from Statement of Comprehensive Income	3,913	1,123	5,036
Actuarial gains on defined benefit pension scheme	1,751	-	1,751
Other comprehensive income for the year	5,664	1,123	6,787
Transfer	(4)	58	54
Capital spend in the year	-	(160)	(160)
Balance at 31 March 2018	9,882	2,796	12,678

	Year end	ed 31 March 201	7
	Income and Expenditure Reserve	Restricted Reserve	Total Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2016	3,485	1,341	4,826
Total surplus from Statement of Comprehensive Income	2,939	929	3,868
Actuarial (losses) on defined benefit pension scheme	(2,202)	-	(2,202)
Other comprehensive income for the year	(2,202)	-	(2,202)
Capital spend in the year	-	(495)	(495)
Balance at 31 March 2017	4,222	1,775	5,997

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2018

		Year Ended	Year Ended
	Note	31 March 2018	31 March 2017
		£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets and goodwill	11	-	-
Tangible fixed assets	12		
Housing properties		153,938	148,094
Other tangible fixed assets		2,784	2,984
Investment properties		14,821	12,953
		171,543	164,031
Current assets		301 - 30000 - 500 mm.	0.57 0.57
Stocks	12d	304	1,447
Debtors	13	7,813	1,044
Investments	Fax-35041	200	200
Cash and cash equivalents		3,830	3,974
Less: Creditors: Amounts falling due within		35.000	
one year	14	(7,653)	(4,488)
Net current assets		4,494	2,177
Total assets less current liabilities		176,037	166,208
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more			
than one year	15	(151,608)	(147,144)
Pension liability	20	(11,751)	(13,067)
Total net assets		12,678	5,997
Reserves			
Income and expenditure reserve		9,882	4,222
Restricted reserve		2,796	1,775
Total reserves		12,678	5,997

The financial statements on pages 11 to 44 were approved by the Board and authorised for issue and signed on its behalf on 24 July 2018 by:

Peter Phillips

Chair

Philip Ingle Director Irene Molyneux Company Secretary

1. Legal status

Severnside Housing is an exempt charity, registered as a company limited by guarantee and the Regulator of Social Housing (LH4325), under the Housing Association Act 1985, as a social landlord. Severnside Housing is a public benefit entity as described by FRS102.

2. Accounting policies

a. Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard* applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102), and the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers update 2014. The financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention except for investment properties which are stated at their fair value.

The Directors have prepared trading and cash flow forecasts for the company and based on this, appropriate sensitivities, current trading and available facilities have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue trading for at least one year from the date of signing these financial statements. The company has therefore prepared its financial statements on the basis of continuing as going concern.

b. Basis of consolidation

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements. In preparing separate financials statements the company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption in FRS 102 and has not prepared a cash flow statement.

A summary of the key accounting policies, which have been applied consistently across all entities, is set out below with intercompany transactions and balances being eliminated in full.

c. Turnover

Turnover represents rental and service charge income receivable net of voids, sales of first tranche shared ownership properties, grant amortisation and care services income for the year. Turnover (representing those items listed above) in the financial statements notes are analysed to identify General Needs, Supported Housing, Care Housing and Shared Ownership properties.

Rental income is recognised from the point when properties under development reach practical completion or otherwise become available for letting. Income from Low Cost Home Ownership sales and sales of properties built for sale is recognised at the point of legal completion of the sale.

Revenue grants are receivable when the conditions for receipt of agreed grant funding have been met. Service charges, Supporting People Income and care services are recognised when the service has been performed and expenditure incurred.

d. Value Added Tax (VAT)

Severnside's main income stream, being rent, is exempt for value added tax (VAT) purposes. The majority of expenditure is subject to VAT, which the Group and subsidiaries are unable to reclaim – this expenditure is therefore shown inclusive of VAT.

VAT can be reclaimed under the partial exemption method for certain other activities.

The balance of VAT payable to or recoverable at the year end is included in the financial statements as a current liability or asset.

e. Interest and financial costs

Interest and financial costs represent the cost of financing the purchase of those properties transferred and property acquisitions as well as new development. Loans are secured on the majority of the company's housing assets.

Interest and financial costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which it is incurred.

f. Pensions

Severnside participates in one funded multi-employer defined benefit scheme and one defined contribution scheme - the Severnside Housing Defined Contribution Scheme (provided by Scottish Widows) and the Shropshire County Council Local Government Pension Scheme (Shropshire LGPS). The assets of the funds are kept separately from those of the company being invested in independently managed superannuation funds.

g. Holiday pay accrual

A current liability is recognised for any unused holiday pay entitlement which has accrued at the Statement of Financial Position date. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement at the Statement of Financial Position date.

h. Housing properties

Housing properties are principally properties available for rent. Completed housing properties for lettings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes costs of acquiring land and buildings, development costs incurred during the development period and other directly attributable costs. Housing properties under construction are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Completed housing properties are split between their land and structure costs. Freehold land is not depreciated. Housing properties are depreciated on a straight line basis over the useful economic life of the assets. The depreciable amount is arrived at on the basis of original cost.

Severnside's housing assets are depreciated as follows:

- Depreciation is charged from the date of acquisition or practical completion of works.
- Properties held on leases are amortised over the life of the lease or their estimated useful economic lives in the business, if shorter.
- Major components are treated as separable assets and depreciated over their expected useful economic lives or the lives of the structure to which they relate, if shorter, at the following annual rates:

o Structure	50-120 years
o Roof	6o years
o Kitchens	20 years
o Bathrooms	30 years
 Heating System/Boilers 	15 years
Wiring System	30 years
o Lifts	30 years
o UPVC External Doors	30 years
o UPVC Windows	30 years
o Porches	30 years
o Solar Panels	30 years

i. Capitalisation

Works to existing properties which replace a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes are capitalised as improvements.

Major improvements and renovation of housing properties which extend the life of the asset, increase the rent or considerably reduce the future routine maintenance are capitalised and depreciated over the useful economic life of the asset.

Staff and other costs that are directly attributable to bringing housing properties to practical completion are capitalised. Development costs not capitalised are shown as other activities in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year.

Interest costs relating to new development are capitalised. The interest charged reflects the net interest paid over the period of the developments.

j. Accounting for grants

Severnside receives Social Housing Grant and grants from Local Authorities. Any grants provided to reduce the capital cost of housing properties held at cost or specific components of housing properties, are recognised by Severnside using the accrual model. It means that grants are released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income, on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the housing property structure or if a Disabled Facilities Grant over the expected useful life of the bathroom.

If an asset (housing property or its component) is disposed of, for which grant was received, and there is no obligation to repay the grant, any grant remaining within liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position is released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. If the grant is available to be recycled it is credited to a Recycled Capital Grant Fund and included as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position.

Any grants received in respect of revenue expenditure are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as they become receivable.

Donations of land or other tangible assets acquired below market value from a government source are treated as a non-monetary grant. The difference between the fair value of the tangible asset donated or acquired and the consideration paid is recognised as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. Once the terms of the donation have been met it is released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

k. Sale of housing property

Under shared ownership arrangements, Severnside sells a long term leasehold interest of Shared Ownership housing units to persons who occupy them at a lease premium equal to between 25% and 100% of open Market Value. Proceeds of sale of first tranches are accounted for as turnover in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The total property cost is apportioned between the shared ownership element and the element remaining in SSHA's ownership based on the percentage tranche sold or estimated to be sold. The estimated first tranche value of properties that are developed for sale and are either unsold or work in progress are included in current assets. Subsequent tranches ('Staircasing') are accounted for as disposals. The remaining unsold element remains on the Statement of Financial Position as a fixed asset and is subject to an annual impairment review.

Under Right to Buy and Right to Acquire arrangements Severnside sells properties to qualifying tenants. Receipts from Right to Acquire sales are required to be retained in a ring fenced fund that can only be used for providing replacement housing. The sales receipt less eligible expenses are held in a disposal proceeds fund, which is held in creditors (either current or long term dependent on when it is anticipated to be used).

I. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance. These are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes cost of asset purchase and other directly attributable costs.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over the useful economic life of the assets as follows:

o Software Warranties & Licences

4 years (25.00% per annum)

m. Other tangible fixed assets

Other tangible assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful economic life of the asset as follows:

o Office Structure	6o years
o Vehicles	4 years
 Furniture & Equipment 	5 years
o IT Software	4 years
o Photocopiers	3 years
o IT Hardware	2 years

The threshold for capitalisation is £500 for a single asset or group of assets.

n. Impairment

Severnside carries out an annual impairment review of individual tangible fixed assets and cash generating units. The review takes into account internal and external indicators of impairment including obsolescence, physical damage, expected cashflows, replacement values, market factors and government policy. Severnside considers cash generating units to be schemes or geographical areas depending on size.

Where an indicator of impairment exists an impairment assessment is performed where the carrying amount is compared to the recoverable amount. If the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds the recoverable amount then the loss is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as expenditure and as a separate line within operating expenditure where it is considered to be material.

o. Leased assets

At inception the company assesses agreements that transfer the right to use assets. The assessment considers whether the arrangement is, or contains, a lease based on the substance of the arrangement. Leases of assets that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised at commencement of the lease as assets at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments calculated using the interest rate implicit in the lease. Assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful life of the asset. Assets are assessed for impairment at each reporting date.

The capital element of lease obligations is recorded as a liability on inception of the arrangement. Lease payments are apportioned between capital repayment and finance charge, using the effective interest rate method, to produce a constant rate of charge on the balance of the capital repayments outstanding.

Leases that do not transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

p. Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and the estimated sales price less costs to complete and sell.

q. Debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in other operating expenditure.

r. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability of another entity. The Group accounts for its financial instruments using sections 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102.

Severnside's financial instruments are all currently classified as basic and include rent receivable, trade creditors, cash and loans.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction price and in subsequent years at amortised cost. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any difference between the consideration paid or received and the amounts derecognised are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

s. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash at bank, cash in hand, deposits and short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

t. Taxation

Severnside is an exempt charity for corporation tax.

u. Provisions

The company only provides for when:

- there is a present legal or constructive obligation, resulting form a past event, at the Statement of Financial Position date;
- it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Severnside sets a provision against rent arrears of current and former tenants based upon historic trends relating to write offs. All other receivables including trade receivables are provided for on a case by case basis.

v. Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

The company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent liability exists on grant repayment which is dependent on the disposal of the related property.

w. Reserves

Income received, and expenditure incurred, for restricted purposes is separately accounted for within restricted funds

x. Key estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates and judgements concerning the future. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

i). Impairment of assets

The company assesses whether there is any indicator of impairment. Where an indication of impairment exists then an estimate must be made of the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit (CGU). This can require estimation of future cash flows from the CGU or costs of constructing/replacing the CGU if it is not held solely for its cash flows but for its service potential. Estimations are also made in relation to the selection of appropriate discount rates in order to calculate the net present value of those cash flows or costs.

ii). Defined benefit pension scheme

The company has obligations to pay pension benefits to certain employees. The cost of these benefits and the present value of the obligation depend on a number of factors including: life expectancy, asset valuations and the discount rate on corporate bonds. Management relies on the estimates made by actuaries and the pension fund in these areas.

During the year ended 31 March 2018 the assumptions relied upon from the actuary are stated in Note 19 of the financial statements.

iii). Classification of Financial Instruments

The company must make judgements over the classification of Financial Instruments as either basic or other. The implication of this is that if treated as 'other', the loan would have to be shown at fair value with any movements in fair value reflected in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. All of these adjustments are non-cash and would have no impact on the company's loan covenants.

The company's financial instruments are all currently classified as basic and measured at amortised cost.

Severnside Housing 31 March 2018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Particulars of turnover, cost of sales, operating expenditure and operating surplus

Year Ended			Year	Year Ended			Ye	Year Ended	
	Note		31 Mai	31 March 2018			31 N	31 March 2017	
					Operating				Operating
			Cost of	Operating	Surplus/		Cost of	Operating	Surplus/
		Turnover	Sales	Expenditure	(Deficit)	Turnover	Sales	Expenditure	(Deficit)
		£,000	€,000	€,000	€,000	€,000	€,000	F,000	F,000
Social housing lettings Income and expenditure from social housing lettings	39	26,843	ı	(13,776)	13,067	26,173	1	(11,924)	14,249
Other social housing activities		9001	(4, 08)	,	813	2,00	(858)	,	370
1 Tranche LCHO sales		1,920	(1,400)	· 6-	070	1,420	(050)	(12)	3/6
Leaseholders		5	Ĭ.	(78)	(73)	31		(77)	
Tenant garages		125	1	1	125	175	1	Î s	175
Charges for support services		3	1	(3,466)	(3,466)	ı	t	(2,405)	(2,405)
Other activities		r	i.		T	189	T v	(89)	121
		2,056	(1,408)	(3,544)	(2,896)	1,623	(858)	(2,497)	(4,732)
Activities other than social									
nousing activities									
Shops		45	•	•	45	20	1	î	50
Private garages		219	1	1	220	204	i	í	204
Market and commercial rent		934	I	(108)	826	884	L	(106)	778
Market sales		ı	ı	(5)	(2)	1,063	(854)	(2)	202
		1,195	1	(112)	1,083	2,201	(854)	(113)	1,234
Total		30,094	(1,408)	(17,432)	11,254	29,997	(1,712)	(17,534)	10,751

Severnside Housing 31 March 2018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3a. Income and expenditure from social housing activities

3a. micoline and experiorcile month social mousing activities	ionsing activi	ries				
			Year Ended			Year Ended
			31 March 2018			31 March
						2017
			Low Cost			
	General	Supported	Home	Care		
	Housing	Housing	Ownership	Housing	Total	
	£,000	£'000	£,000	£,000	€,000	£'000
Rent receivable net of identifiable						
service charges	19,823	2,470	236	2,897	25,426	24,876
Service charges income	155	1,037	29	29	1,250	1,169
Amortised government grants	130	1	11	6	150	128
Other Income	12	5		1	17	,
Turnover from social housing lettings	20,120	3,512	276	2,935	26,843	26,173
Management	(2,201)	(896)	(74)	(224)	(3,467)	(1,904)
Service charge costs	(99)	(163)	1	(2)	(231)	(845)
Routine maintenance	(1,624)	(15)	•	(53)	(1,692)	(3,298)
Planned maintenance	(3,970)	(526)	1	(293)	(684,4)	(2,152)
Bad debts	(9)	(6)	(1)	(7)	(23)	(63)
Depreciation of housing properties	(3,461)	(358)	(52)	1	(3,874)	(3,662)
Operating expenditure on social						
housing lettings	(11,328)	(1,739)	(130)	(625)	(13,776)	(11,924)
Operating surplus on social housing						
lettings	8,792	1,773	971	2,356	13,067	14,249
7000		`			,	
Void losses	(119)	(21)	1	(13)	(153)	(214)

3b. Classes of accommodation in management and development

	Year Ended 31 March 2018		Year Ended 31 March 2017
	Units		Units
General housing			
- Social rent	4,451		4,413
- Affordable rent	447		426
Supported housing and housing for older people	572		576
Low cost home ownership	22.22.2		102
ACCEPTED THE CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR CONTRA	115	+	
Total social housing units	5,585		5,517
Market rent	124		106
Other	1		1
Leasehold	208		187
Total owned and managed	5,918		5,811
Accommodation in development at the year			
end	164		203

4. Surplus on disposal of housing properties

	Yea	ar Ended 31	March 201	8	Year Ended 31 March
经验证证据的证据	LCHO	Other	RTB	Total	2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Disposal proceeds	131	140	1,585	1,856	1,240
Cost of sales	(31)	(119)	(426)	(576)	(304)
Selling costs	(1)	(1)	(18)	(20)	(7)
Net surplus on disposal of housing properties	99	20	1,141	1,260	929

5. Interest receivable and similar income

	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
Interest received from current asset investments	£'000 32	£'000 39
Interest receivable and similar income	32	39

6. Interest payable and financing costs

	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Bank loans	(6,996)	(6,756)
Loan commission and commitment fees	(110)	(202)
Renegotiation fees	(24)	-
Capitalised Interest	91	303
Net interest on pension liability	(325)	(364)
Interest and financing costs	(7,364)	(7,019)

7. Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation

	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
		£'000	£'000
Depreciation:			
Housing assets		3,874	3,662
Other fixed assets		234	266
Amortisation:		1981 X	
Grant		150	128
(Surplus) on disposal: housing properties	4	(1,240)	(929)
Operating lease rentals		140	134
Revaluation loss		121	832
External auditors' remuneration			817700
(incl. expenses, excl. VAT):			
Fees for the audit of the financial statements		17	13
Fees for other services		4	3

8. Tax on surplus on ordinary activities

The differences between the total tax charge and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to surplus before tax is as follows:

	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
Complete an audinous activities hafave toy	£'000	£'000
Surplus on ordinary activities before tax	5,061	3,868
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities at		
standard UK corporation tax rate of 20%		
(2017: 20%)	1,012	774
Effects of:		
Income not taxable in determining taxable		
surplus	(1,012)	(774)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of		
previous periods	25	-
Total	25	-

9. Employees

The average number of persons employed during the financial year expressed as full-time equivalents (37 hours) was:

	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
	Number	Number
Administration & management	123	130
Property services	52	62
Housing support and care	2	24
Total	177	216

Employees' costs:

	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
		£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs		4,786 436	5,805 586
Other pension costs	19	516	527
Total		5,738	6,918

Of the total employee cost above, £1.288m was recharged to Housing Plus and £2.245m was recharged to Property Plus.

10. Directors' emoluments

The Directors of the company are its Board Members. Board Members are not members of any Severnside pension scheme. Below there are the emoluments paid to the Board Members:

Summary of Board Members Payments	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Pay	-	22.7
Total	-	22.7

Details of Board Members Pay	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Mrs Susan Ganderton	-	2.7
Mr Robin Pritchard		1.5
Mr Rory O'Byrne	-	2.7
Mr Mal Price	-	1.7
Mr Andrew Parkes		2.2
Mrs Alyson Lanning	-	1.7
Mr Paul Smith		5.0
Mr Paul Williams		2.7
Mr Paul Beaman		1.0
Mr Michael Roughan	-	2.6
Mr Peter Price	-	1.7
Mr Gareth Evans	-	1.7
Recharged to A Walters Electrical	-	(4.5)
Total	-	22.7

Following the merger the Board members of Severnside became part of a co-terminus Homes Board with South Staffordshire Housing Association. The Board members of the two landlords were paid from The Housing Plus Board from 1 November 2016.

The Executive Directors were paid from The Housing Plus Board from 1 November 2016.

建筑工作。是一位的基本。	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
		£'000	£'000
Emoluments (including benefits in kind)		-	390
Pension contribution		-	19
Total		-	409

The previous Chief Executive resigned from Severnside Housing on 30th September 2016 and became Chief Executive of The Housing Plus Group; however, she continued to be remunerated from Severnside Housing until 31st March 2017.

10. Directors' emoluments (continued)

Staff who received remuneration (including benefits in kind) in excess of £60k are summarised in the following bands:

	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
More than £60,000 but not more than £70,000	-	2
More than £70,000 but not more than £80,000	-	2
More than £80,000 but not more than £90,000	-	1
More than £140,000 but not more than £150,000	-	1
More than £180,000 but not more than £190,000	-	1

11. Intangible assets - goodwill

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	Total	Total
	£'000	£000
Cost		
At 1 April and 31 March	350	350
Accumulated amortisation		
At 1 April and 31 March	(350)	(350)
Net book value		
At 31 March	-	-
At 1 April	-	-

12. Housing properties at cost

			As at 31 March 2018		
	Houses f Complete	Houses for Letting oplete Under	Low Cost Hon Complete	Low Cost Home Ownership Complete	
	for Letting	Construction	for Letting	Construction	Total
	£,000	000, 3	£'000	000, J	£,000
COST					
At 1 April	166,501	9,646	4,236	207	177,590
Reclassification	(1,325)	1	1,325	ı. E	1
Additions	3,157	7,937	178	1,428	12,700
Disposals	(1,097)	ı	(31)		(1,128)
Transfers (note 12a)	8,959	(11,068)	1,126	(1,526)	(2,509)
At 31 March	176,195	3,515	6,834	109	186,653
LESS ACCUMULATED	1.5				
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April	(29,321)	•	(175)	1	(56,496)
Depreciation charge for year	(3,657)	1	(52)	T	(3,712)
Eliminated in respect of disposals	493	•	•	1	493
At 31 March	(32,485)		(230)		(32,715)
Net book value					
At 31 March	143,710	3,515	6,604	109	153,938
At 1 April	137,180	9,646	4,061	207	148,094

Note: Included within 'Eliminated in respect of disposals' is accelerated depreciation of £162k (2017: £201k). Of the total additions, £3,139k relate to component replacements (2017: £2,359k).

12a Housing properties at cost (continued)

Transfers	As at 31 March 2018				As at 31 March 2017	
		or Letting		me Ownership		
	Complete	Under	Complete	Under		
HAND SERVICE STREET	for Letting	Construction	for Letting	Construction	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Complete properties Write-off to income & expenditure (aborted	8,959	(8,959)	1,126	(1,126)	-	-
schemes)	-	-	-	-	-	(130)
Transfer to current assets	1-		-	(400)	(400)	(969)
Transfer to						
investment properties	-	(2,109)	₩ 1	-	(2,109)	-
Transfers	8,959	(11,068)	1,126	(1,526)	(2,509)	(1,099)

Charges against properties

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
Number of properties on which there is a fixed charge Number of properties not charged	4 , 696 889	4,721 796
Total number of properties	5,585	5,517

Capitalised interest

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Interest capitalised during the year	91	303
Interest capitalised to date	317	14
Total interest capitalised	408	317
Rate used for capitalisation	5%	5%

12a Housing properties at cost (continued)

Social Housing Grant and other grants

The company has received government grants in order to acquire and develop its housing properties. Grants are amortised through the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the useful economic life of the structure of the property. Any unamortised grant is held as deferred income. A breakdown of this grant is shown below:

	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Deferred capital grant at 1 April Grants received during the year	14,477 1,162	13,404 706
Transfers from reserves	160	495
Released to income during the year	(150)	(128)
Deferred capital grant at 31 March	15,649	14,477

Housing properties book value, net of depreciation

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Freehold land and buildings Long leasehold land and buildings	153,938	148,094
Total	153,938	148,094

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

12b Other tangible fixed assets

COST At 1 April Reclassification Additions At 31 March At 31 March Furniture & Equipment £000 £000 £000 £000 £000 £000 £000	Computer	rixtules, rittiligs, roots & Equipment		
Equipm Equipm cation	& Equipment &	Vehicles	Land	Total
cation			& Buildings	
cation	000¥ €000	£000	£000	€000
cation				
cation	2,614	45	2,834	6,289
	1 (2)	ı	36	•
	- 34	•	1	34
	52 2,649	45	2,870	6,323
On the Authority and Short				
Accumulated depreciation & impairment				
Depreciation at 1 April (672)	2) (2,216)	(42)	(375)	(3,305)
Reclassification 8	8 (2)	•	(9)	•
Depreciation charge for year (51)	(138)	1	(42)	(234)
At 31 March (715)	.5) (2,356)	(42)	(456)	(3,539)
Net book value				(
At 31 March 47		1	2,444	2,784
At 1 April 127	27 398	1	2,459	2,984

There is no charge on any of these assets. All land held for other property, plant and equipment is owned freehold.

12c. Investment properties

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April	12.052	12 (72
•	12,953	13,472
Additions	2,109	325
Transfers to other tenures	-	(12)
Disposals	(120)	-
Net (loss) from fair value adjustments	(121)	(832)
Balance at 31 March	14,821	12,953
Historical net book value	15,788	13,750

All investment properties were valued as at 31st March 2018 using the valuation methodology – market value subject to tenancies (MV-STT). The valuations were performed by independent valuers with recognised and relevant qualifications (Savills and Towler Shaw Roberts Surveyors). There are no restrictions on the investment property and there are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property.

12d. Investment in group undertakings

The company has investments in the following subsidiary undertakings, both incorporated in England and Wales, which principally affected the surpluses or net assets of the company.

	Principal activity	Holding	%	Profit/(loss) for the year ended 31 March 2018	Capital and reserves at 31 March 2018
				£'000	£'000
Severn Homes Ltd	Developing and selling properties for outright sale	Equity shares	100%	828	828
Severnside	Supporting charitable				
Community Association Ltd	activities relating to housing	Non-equity shares	100%	(6)	61

12e. Stocks

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
LCHO completed properties	181	1,236
LCHO properties under construction	123	207
Total low cost home ownership	304	1,443
Other stock	-	4
Total stock	304	1,447

Stock is held at the lower of actual cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. There have been no impairments in the year (2017: none).

13. Trade and other debtors

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Due within one year		
Rent receivable	519	403
Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts	(85)	(71)
	434	332
Amounts due from group undertakings	2,935	-
Other debtors	324	466
Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts	(45)	(56)
	3,648	742
Prepayments & accrued income	105	302
Pension bond receivable	4,060	
Total due within one year	7,813	1,044
Total debtors	7,813	1,044

Pension bond

At transfer, Severnside entered into a Pension Guarantee Bond Agreement with Shropshire County Pension Fund and Nationwide Building Society, whereby Shropshire County Pension Fund could, if Severnside Housing failed to make appropriate pension scheme payments, seek recovery from Nationwide Building Society. In October 2017 this was replaced by a Guarantee Bond between Severnside, Shropshire Council and Clydesdale Bank plc for £4,060,000. The bond amount was initially deposited in cash with Clydesdale Bank plc, being repaid in full on 16 April 2018 after being substituted with charged properties.

14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Loans and borrowings	800	292
Trade creditors	18	89
Rents and service charges received in advance	962	773
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,417	161
Taxation and social security	148	163
Other creditors	64	44
Deferred grant income	1,733	149
Accruals and deferred income	1,376	1,716
Accrued loan interest	1,056	1,027
Employees	79	74
Total Creditors: Amounts falling due within one		
year	7,653	4,488

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Loans and borrowings	137,525	132,816
Deferred capital grants	13,935	14,328
Other designated funds	148	-
Total Creditors: Amounts falling due after one		
year	151,608	147,144

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Maturity of debt

	Bank		
	Loans	Other	Total
	2018	Loans 2018	2018
	£'000	£'000	£'000
In one year or less	500	300	800
In more than one year but not more than two years	1,000	308	1,308
In more than one year but not more than five years	11,500	976	12,476
	13,000	1,584	14,584

	Bank		
	Loans	Other	Total
	2017	Loans 2017	2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000
In one year or less	-	292	292
In more than one year but not more than two years	-	300	300
In more than one year but not more than five years	5,775	950	6,725
	5,775	1,542	7,317

Security, terms of repayment and interest rates

The Nationwide Syndications loan is secured by the properties that Severnside owns. During the loan period decisions are made to fix the rate of interest for periods within the overall loan period. The fixed rates of interest range between 4.29% and 6.72%.

The Canada Life loan is secured against properties that Severnside owns. It has a fixed interest rate of 4.54%. The Shropshire Council loans are secured against properties that Severnside owns. The interest rates are fixed at 4.32% and 2.3%.

The weighted average interest rate for the year was 5.12% (2017: 5.19%). At 31 March 2018 Severnside had undrawn loan facilities of £10.5million (2017: £16.5million).

16. Financial instruments

	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2018	Year Ended 31 March 2017
		£'000	£'000
Financial assets that are debt			
instruments measured at			
amortised cost			
Rent & service charges receivable	13	434	332
Amounts owed to group			
undertakings	13	2,935	-
Pension bond receivable	13	4,060	-
Other debtors	13	324	466
Investments		200	200
Cash and cash equivalents		3,830	3,974
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS		11,783	4,972
Financial liabilities measured at			
amortised cost			
Loans	15	(138,459)	(133,108)
Trade creditors	14	(18)	(89)
Accruals	14	(1,376)	(1,771)
Other creditors	14	(1,348)	(1,468)
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		(141,201)	(136,436)

Severnside's financial instruments are all currently classified as basic and measured at amortised cost.

17. Capital commitments

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Expenditure contracted but not provided in the financial statements Expenditure authorised by the Board but	14,145	9,760
not contracted	28,695	17,350
Total capital commitments	42,840	27,110

17. Capital commitments (continued)

The following amounts describe the way Severnside funds development:

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Operating surpluses	29,298	6,255
SHG	3,847	213
Other grant funding	1,020	948
Forecast sales	8,675	19,694
Total gross expenditure	42,840	27,110

18. Leases

Operating leases

The Association held vehicles and lone working safety devices on cancellable operating leases. At 31 March 2018 the total of future minimum lease payments under non cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
	£'000	£'000
Leases for equipment:		
Not later than one year	24	18
Later than one year and not later than five years	33	18
Later than five years	-	12
Leases for vehicles:		
Not later than one year	116	116
Later than one year and not later than five years	116	116
Later than five years		116
Total	289	396

The expenditure charged in the Statement of Comprehensive Income during the year in relation to operating lease payments was £134k (2017: £134k).

19. Pension

Shropshire County Council Scheme

Severnside participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme which is a multi employer defined benefit Scheme, is funded and is contracted out of the state scheme.

The disclosures necessary in respect of FRS102 are shown in various tables below. The actuary has estimated that the net pension asset/liability as at 31 March 2018 is a liability of £11,751,000 (2017: £13,067,000).

Assumptions as at	31 Mar 2018	31 Mar 2017
	%р.а.	%р.а.
Salary increases	3.6%	3.8%
Pension increases	2.2%	2.3%
Discount Rate	2.6%	2.5%

The life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves and based on these assumptions, the average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

	Males	Females
Current Pensioners	23.1 years	26.3 years
Future Pensioners*	25.3 years	28.6 years

^{*} Figures assume members aged 45 as at the last formal valuation date.

Categories of plan assets as a % of total plan assets	Assets at	Assets at
Education of the Control of the Cont	31 Mar 2018	31 Mar 2017
	%	%
Equities	53	55
Bonds	23	21
Property	5	5
Alternatives	17	18
Cash	2	2

19. Pension (continued)

Net pension liability as at	31 Mar 2018	31 Mar 2017
	£′000	£'000
Fair value of employer assets	36,791	36,774
Present value of funded obligations	(48,263)	(49,551)
Net (under)funding in funded plans	(11,472)	(12,777)
Present value of unfunded liabilities	(279)	(290)
Net pension (liability)	(11,751)	(13,067)

	Year to 31 Mar 2018	Year to 31 Mar 2017
Amount charged to operating surplus	£'000	£'000
Current service cost	(816)	(780)
Administration expense	(15)	(20)
Total operating charge	(831)	(800)
Amount charged to financing costs		
Interest income on plan assets	912	1,080
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	(1,229)	(1,444)
Losses on curtailments and settlements	(8)	(-)
Total net interest	(325)	(364)
Total defined benefit cost recognised in surplus for the year	(1,156)	(1,164)

Re-measurements recognised in other comprehensive income	Year to 31 Mar 2018	Year to 31 Mar 2017
	£'000	£'000
Change in financial assumptions	2,025	(9,776)
Change in demographic assumptions	-	736
Other experience	-	1,069
Return on assets (excluding amounts included in net interest)	(274)	5,769
Total re-measurements recognised in other comprehensive income	1,751	(2,202)

19. Pension (continued)

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation	Year to 31 Mar 2018	Year to 31 Mar 2017
	£'000	£′000
Opening defined benefit obligation	49,841	40,643
Current service cost	816	780
Interest cost	1,229	1,444
Contributions from members	158	229
Actuarial (gains)/losses	(2,025)	7,971
Result on curtailments	8	-
Estimated benefits paid	(1,485)	(1,226)
Closing defined benefit obligation	48,542	49,841

Reconciliation of fair value of employer assets	Year to 31 Mar 2018	Year to 31 Mar 2017
	£'000	£'000
Opening fair value of employer assets	36,774	30,064
Expected return on assets	(274)	5,769
Interest income on plan assets	912	1,080
Contributions from members	158	229
Contributions from employer	721	878
Administration expenses	(15)	(20)
Benefits paid	(1,485)	(1,226)
Closing fair value of employer assets	36,791	36,774

19. Pension (continued)

History of gains and losses	Year to 31/03/18	Year to 31/03/17
	£′000	£'000
Fair value of employer assets	36,791	36,774
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(48,542)	(49,841)
Deficit	(11,751)	(13,067)

20. Pension liability

The company had the following liabilities during the year:

	Long term employee benefits - LGPS
	£'000
At 1 April 2017	13,067
Additions dealt within surplus	831
(Reductions) dealt within other comprehensive income	(1,751)
Employer contributions	(721)
Interest costs	325
At 31 March 2018	11,751

Pension liability - LGPS

The LGPS pension scheme is a multi employer defined benefit scheme. Each year the actuary values the assets and liabilities of the scheme using a set of assumptions. Changes in assumptions and performance of the assets/liabilities in the year means that the present value of the defined benefit obligation is subject to uncertainty. The weighted average duration of the expected future discounted cash flows is 18 years.

21. Restricted reserves

Restricted reserves constitute surpluses accruing from sales of LSVT units under the Right to Buy. The receipts are to be used solely for the provision of new housing, subject to approval by the relevant local authority.

22. Related party transactions

There are no Board members that are also Tenants (2017: nil).

The Board has no (2017 nil) members who are also councillors. The total compensation for the Board of Severnside in 2018 was £nil as all members are now paid by Housing Plus (2017: £22,489).

During the financial year Severnside purchased services in the ordinary course of business from Housing Plus, an ultimate Parent, at a total cost of £4,139,425 (2017: £263,821) and provided services at a cost of £1,724,150 (2017: £nil). At the year end Severnside owed £30,164 (2017: £6,045) and was owed £391,301 (2017: £93,552) by Housing Plus.

Severnside purchased services in the ordinary course of business from South Staffordshire Housing Association, at a cost of £733,063 (2017: £11,292), and provided services at a cost of £2,098 (2017: £11). At the year end Severnside owed SSHA £11,242 (2017: £11,292) and was owed £618,712 (2017: £11).

Severnside provided services in the ordinary course of business to Property Plus (Midlands) Limited at a cost of £3,937,337 (2017: £47,175), and purchased services in the ordinary course of business at a cost of £8,561,328 (2017:£1,136,541). At the year end Severnside owed £1,333,973 (2017: £143,430) and was owed £1,667,783 (2017: £43,420) by Property Plus.

Severnside purchased services from Severn Homes at a cost of £42,117 (2017: £nil) and provided services at a cost of £259,462 (2017: £nil). At the year end Severnside was owed £257,922 (2017: £nil) by Severn Homes and owed £42,117 (2017: £nil).

Severnside provided services to Care Plus at a cost of £255 during the year (2017: £nil) and was owed £135 at the year end (2017: £nil).

Severnside provided services to Severnside Community Association during the year at a cost of £1,845 (2017: £nil). An investment of £200,000 was outstanding at the year end (2017: £200,000.

All related part transactions within the group are provided on an arms length basis. Amounts owned by and to the company are disclosed in notes 13, 14 and 15. These amounts are related to intragroup balances both in payables and receivables.

23. Group companies

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is the Housing Plus Group Limited, a registered social landlord (Registered Community Benefit Society No. 30224R). The consolidated financial statements of the Housing Plus Group Limited are available from the Company Secretary, Housing Plus Group Limited, Acton Court, Acton Gate, Stafford, ST18 9AP. The Group exercises control over Severnside and other subsidiaries through regular Board meetings. The Group Board members include the Chair of each of the subsidiary Boards.